# LS43 Introduction to Irish economic and social history

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- **Module objectives:** Awareness of key issues and structures in the socio-economic life of Ireland, 1840-1940.
- **Module content:** The impact of the Great Famine; the context of emigration; poverty and money; the primary sources: the censuses and official publications.

**Assessment:** Total marks: 100%: Individual project 75%, Class test 25%

- 1 Introduction 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries + population trends over time
- 2 Pre-famine socio-economic conditions
- 3 Hungry 40's (famine)
- 4 Emigration pre and post famine trends
- 5 Land structure 1847-1914
- 6 'land war' and beyond
- 7 Banking and financial development
- 8 The post office a socio-economic institution industrial developments
- 9 World war I post 1900
- Education- primary, secondary, tertiary, 1830s national schools (primary education) 1967 'free education' (secondary) 1997 (free fees third level)
- 11 Economic war/emergency et al conditions in the north v south
- 12 Conclusion epilogue

#### **Core reading:**

Clear, Caitriona, *Social change and everyday life in Ireland*, 1850-1922 (Manchester, 2007).

Cullen, L. M., An economic history of Ireland since 1660 (Dublin, 1972).

Donnelly, James S., *The land and the people of nineteenth century Cork: The rural economy and the land question* (London, 1975).

Garvin, Tom, Preventing the future: why was Ireland so poor for so long? (Dublin, 2004).

Lee, Joseph, The modernisation of Irish society (Dublin, 1973).

Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland before and after the Famine: explorations in economic history, 1800 -1925* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Manchester, 1993).

Ó Gráda, Cormac, Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939 (Oxford, 1994).

## **Supplementary reading:**

Crotty, Raymond D., *Irish agricultural production: its volume and structure* (Cork, 1966)

Dickson, David and Ó Gráda, Cormac (eds), *Refiguring Ireland: essays in honour of L. M. Cullen* (Dublin 2003).

Graham, B.J. and L.J. Proudfoot, *A historical geography of Ireland* (London, 1993). Vaughan, W. E. (ed.) *A new history of Ireland, v: Ireland under the Union, i, 1801-70* (Oxford, 1989, reprinted 1998); *A new history of Ireland, vi: Ireland under the Union, ii, 1870-1921* (Oxford, 1996).

# Introduction $-17^{th}$ and $18^{th}$ centuries + population trends over time Core reading:

Chapters 1-3 in Cullen, L. M., *An economic history of Ireland since 1660* (Dublin, 1972).

# **Supplementary reading:**

Chapter 1 in Crotty, Raymond D., *Irish agricultural production: its volume and structure* (Cork, 1966).

Gillespie, Raymond, *The transformation of the Irish economy 1550-1700* (Drogheda,1991).

Allen, Robert C., 'Why was the industrial revolution British?' *Oxonomics*, 4, no. 1 (2009), pp 50-54

## 2 Pre-famine socio-economic conditions

- Geary, Frank, 'The evolution of the linen trade before industrialisation: why did firms not replace the market?' in Brenda Collins, Philip Ollerenshaw, and Trevor Parkhill (eds), *Industry, trade and people in Ireland 1650-1950: essays in hour of W. H. Crawford* (Belfast, 2005).
- Geary, Frank, and Stark, Tom, 'Trends in real wages during the industrial revolution: a view from across the Irish Sea' in *Economic History Review*, Ivii, 2 (2004), pp 362-395.
- Hollis, Aidan, and Sweetman, Arthur, 'Microcredit in prefamine Ireland' in *Explorations in Economic History*, xxxv (1998), pp 347-380.
- Kennedy, Liam, 'The cost of living in Ireland, 1698-1998' in David Dickson and Cormac Ó Gráda (eds.), *Refiguring Ireland*, essays in honour of L. M. Cullen (Dublin, 2003), pp 249 276.
- Macafee, William, 'The pre-famine population of Ireland, a reconsideration' in Brenda Collins, Philip Ollerenshaw, and Trevor Parkhill (eds), *Industry, trade and people in Ireland 1650-1950:* essays in hour of W. H. Crawford (Belfast, 2005).
- O'Connor, James, *The workhouses in Ireland: the fate of Ireland's poor* (Dublin, 1995).

## 3 Hungry 40's (famine)

## **Core reading:**

Chapter 8 in Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939* (Oxford, 1994).

Supplementary reading:

Crotty, Raymond D., Irish agricultural production: its volume and structure (Cork, 1966).

Daly, Mary E., The Great Famine in Ireland (Dublin, 1986)

Daly, Mary E., Social and economic history of Ireland since 1800 (Dublin, 1981).

Geary, Laurence M., *Medicine and charity in Ireland 1718-1851* (Dublin, 2004).

Hoppen, K. Theodore, *Ireland since 1800: conflict and conformity* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.,Essex,1999).

Kennedy, Liam and Solar, Peter M., *Irish agriculture: a price history* (Dublin, 2007).

Malthus, T. R., An Essay on the principle of population; or, a view of its past and present effects on human happiness with an inquiry into our prospects respecting the future removal or mitigation of the

- evils which it occasions, third edition, vol I (London, 1806).
- Mokyr, Joel *Why Ireland starved: a quantitative and analytical history of the Irish economy, 1800-1850* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed., London, 1985).
- O'Connor, John, *The workhouses in Ireland: the fate of Ireland's poor* (Dublin, 1995).
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, Black' 47 and beyond: the great Irish famine (New Jersey, 1999).
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, Famine: a short history (Princeton, 2009).
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland before and after the Famine: explorations in economic history, 1800 -1925* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Manchester, 1993).
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, Ireland's Great Famine: interdisciplinary perspectives (Dublin, 2006)
- O'Rourke, Kevin, 'Did the Great Irish Famine matter?' in *The Journal of Economic History*, li, 1 (Mar., 1991), pp 1-22.

# 4 Emigration – pre and post famine trends

Core reading:

- Chapter 4 in Clear, Caitriona, *Social change and everyday life in Ireland*, 1850-1922 (Manchester, 2007).
- Chapter 9 in Ó'Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939* (Oxford, 1994).

Supplementary reading:

Akenson, Donald Harman, The Irish Diaspora: a primer (Belfast, 1996).

Bielenberg, Andy (ed.) The Irish Diaspora (Essex, 2000).

Coughlan, Brian, Achill island tattie hokers in Scotland and the Kirkintilloch tragedy,

1937 (Dublin, 2006).

- Fitzpatrick, D., Irish emigration 1801-1921 (Dundalk, 1984).
- Guinnane, Timothy W., *The vanishing Irish: households, migration, and the rural economy in Ireland 1850-1914* (New Jersey, 1997).
- Hatton, Timothy J., Williamson, Jeffrey G. (eds.), *Migration and the international labor market* (London, 1994).
- Ó'Gráda, Cormac, 'Seasonal migration and post-famine adjustment in the west of Ireland' in *Studia Hibernica*, xiii, (1973), pp 48-76.
- O'Gráda, Cormac, 'A note on nineteenth-century Irish emigration statistics' in *Population studies*, xxix, no. 1( march, 1975), pp 143 149.
- O'Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939* (Oxford, 1994).
- Magee, Gary B., and Thompson, Andrew S., 'Lines of credit, debts of obligation': migrant remittances to Britain, c. 1875-1913' in *Economic History Review*, lix, 3 (2006), pp 539-577.
- Miller, Kerby, *Emigrants and exiles: Ireland and the Irish exodus to North America* (Oxford, 1985).
- Report of the Commission on Emigration and other population problems, 1848-1954 (Department of Social Welfare, Dublin 1954)
- Schrier, Arnold, *Ireland and the American emigration 1850-1900* (Minnesota, 1958, reprint 1997).
- Thomas, Brinley, *Migration and economic growth: A study of Great Britain and the Atlantic economy* (2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1973, Cambridge).

## **5** Land structure 1847-1914

Core reading

Chapter 11 in Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939* (Oxford, 1994).

Supplementary reading

- Chapter 1 in Clear, Caitriona, *Social change and everyday life in Ireland*, 1850-1922 (Manchester, 2007).
- Crotty, Raymond D., *Irish agricultural production: its volume and structure* (Cork, 1966).
- Chapter 3 in Donnelly, James S., *The land and the people of nineteenth century Cork: The rural economy and the land question* (London, 1975).
- Fitzpatrick, David, 'The disappearance of the Irish agricultural labourer, 1841-1912', in *Irish Economic and Social History*, vii (1980), pp 66-92.
- Kennedy, Liam and Solar, Peter M., *Irish agriculture: a price history* (Dublin, 2007).
- Turner, Michael After the famine: Irish agriculture, 1850-1914 (Cambridge, 1996)
- Turner, M.E., 'Output and productivity in Irish agriculture from the Famine to the Great War', *Irish Economic and Social History*, 17 (1990), 62-78

# 6 'land war' and beyond

Core reading:

- Chapter 4 in Ó'Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland before and after the Famine:* explorations in economic history, 1800 -1925 (2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Manchester, 1993).
- Chapters 10& 11 in Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history* 1780-1939 (Oxford, 1994).

Supplementary reading:

- Crotty, Raymond D., Irish agricultural production: its volume and structure (Cork, 1966)
- Donnelly, James S., *The land and the people of nineteenth century Cork: The rural economy and the land question* (London, 1975).
- Hobsbawm, E. J., *Industry and empire* (London 1968, reprinted 1990 and revised edition 1999).
- Hobsbawn, Eric, *The age of empire*, 1875-1914 (London, 1987, reprint 2000).
- Hoppen, K. Theodore, *Ireland since 1800: conflict and conformity* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.,Essex,1999).
- Jordan, Donald E., Land and popular politics in Ireland: county Mayo from the Plantation to the Land War (Cambridge, 1994).
- Kennedy, Liam, 'The cost of living in Ireland, 1698-1998' in David Dickson and Cormac Ó Gráda (eds.), *Refiguring Ireland, essays in honour of L. M. Cullen* (Dublin, 2003), pp 249 276.
- Solow, Barbara Lewis, *The Land question and the Irish economy*, 1870-1903 (Harvard, 1971).
- Turner, Michael, After the famine: Irish agriculture, 1850-1914 (Cambridge, 1996).
- Vaughan, W. E., *Landlords and tenants in Ireland 1848-1904* (Dundalk, 1984, revised 1994).

Vaughan, W. E., *Landlords and tenants in mid-Victorian Ireland* (Oxford, 1994).

# 7 Banking and financial development

Core Reading:

8

Chapters 3, 6 & 14 in Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history* 1780-1939 (Oxford, 1994).

Supplementary reading:

- Barrow, G. L., 'Justice for Thomas Mooney' in *Dublin Historical Record*, xxiv, 1 (1970), pp 173-188. #
- Barrow, G. L., The emergence of the Irish banking system 1820-1845 (Dublin, 1973).
- Forsyth, Douglas, and Verdier, Daniel (eds.), *The origins of National Financial systems: Alexander Gerschenkron reconsidered* (London, 2003). #
- Gerschenkron, Alexander, *Economic backwardness in historical perspective: a book of essays* (Harvard, 1962).
- Goldsmith, Raymond W., Financial structure and development (Yale, 1969). #
- Hall, F. G., The Bank of Ireland 1783-1946 (Dublin, 1948).
- Hickson, C. R., and Turner, J. D., 'Free banking and the stability of early joint-stock banking' in *Cambridge Journal of Economics*, xxviii,no.6 (2004) pp903-919.
- Hickson, C. R. and Turner, J. D. 'Pre- and Post-Famine Indices of Irish Equity Prices' in *European Review of Economic History*, xii (2008), pp.3-38.
- Hickson C. R. and Turner J. D., 'The Rise and Decline of the Irish Stock Market, 1865-1913' in European Review of Economic History, ix (2005), pp.3-33.
- Homer, Sidney, and Sylla, Richard, *A history of interest rates* (4<sup>th</sup> ed. New Jersey, 2005). #
- Ollerenshaw, Philip, 'Aspects of bank lending in post-famine Ireland' in Rosalin Mitchison and Peter Roebuck (eds.), *Economy and society in Scotland and Ireland 1500-1939* (Edinburgh, 1988), pp 222-232.
- Ollerenshaw, Philip, Banking in nineteenth century Ireland: the Belfast banks, 1825-1914 (Manchester, 1987).
- Lyons, F. S. L. (ed.), *Bicentenary essays, Bank of Ireland 1783-1983* (Dublin, 1983),
- Munn, Charles W., 'The coming of joint-stock banking in Scotland and Ireland, c. 1820-1845' in T. M. Devine and David Dickson (eds.), *Ireland and Scotland, 1600-1850* (Edinburgh, 1983), pp 204-218.
- O' Gráda, Cormac, 'Moral hazard and quasi-central banking: Should the Munster Bank have been saved?' in David Dickson and Cormac Ó Gráda (eds.), *Refiguring Ireland, essays in honour of L. M. Cullen* (Dublin, 2003), pp 316 -341.
- O'Shea, James, *Prince of swindlers: John Sadlier M.P. 1813-1856* (Dublin, 1999).
- O'Rourke, Kevin H., 'Monetary data and proxy GDP estimates: Ireland 1840-1921' in *Irish Economic and Social History*, xxv (1998), pp 22-51.

- Core reading:
- Chapters 12 & 13 in Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history* 1780-1939 (Oxford, 1994).
- Chapter 6 in Cullen, L. M., An economic history of Ireland since 1660 (Dublin, 1972).
- Supplementary reading:
- Allen, Robert C., *The British industrial revolution in global perspective* (Cambridge, 2009).
- Clarkson, L. A., 'Population change and urbanisation, 1821-1911', in Liam Kennedy and Philip Ollerenshaw (eds), *An economic history of Ulster 1820-1939* (Manchester, 1985), pp 137-157
- Crawford, W. H., 'The rise of the linen industry' in L. M. Cullen (ed.) *The formation of the Irish economy* (Cork, 1976), pp 23-35.
- Ferris, Tom, Irish railways: a new history (Dublin, 2008).
- Gill, Conrad, *The rise of the Irish linen industry* (1925, reprint 1962, Oxford) #
- Goldstrom, J. M., 'The industrialisation of the North-East' in *The formation of the Irish economy* (Cork, 1976), pp 101 112.
- Green, E. R., 'Industrial decline in the nineteenth century' in *The formation of the Irish economy* (Cork, 1976), pp 89-100.
- Gribbon, H. D., 'Economic and social history, 1850-1921' in W. E. Vaughan (ed.) *A new history of Ireland, vi: Ireland under the Union, ii, 1870-1921* (Oxford, 1996), pp 260 356.
- Hobsbawn, Eric, *Industry and Empire* (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, London, 1999).
- Johnson, D. S., 'Industrial labour and the labour movement, 1820-1914', in Liam Kennedy and Philip Ollerenshaw (eds), *An economic history of Ulster 1820-1939* (Manchester, 1985), pp 158-183
- Kennedy, Liam, 'The rural economy, 1820-1914', in Liam Kennedy and Philip Ollerenshaw (eds), *An economic history of Ulster 1820-1939* (Manchester, 1985), pp 1-61
- Lee, Joseph, 'Capital in the Irish economy' in L. M. Cullen (ed.) *The formation of the Irish economy* (Cork, 1976), pp 53-63.
- Lee, Joseph, 'The railways in the Irish economy' in L. M. Cullen (ed.) *The formation of the Irish economy* (Cork, 1976), pp 77-87.
- McCutcheon, W. A., 'Transport, 1820-1914', in Liam Kennedy and Philip Ollerenshaw (eds), *An economic history of Ulster 1820-1939* (Manchester, 1985), pp 109-136
- Ollerenshaw, Philip, 'Industry, 1820-1914', in Liam Kennedy and Philip Ollerenshaw (eds), *An economic history of Ulster 1820-1939* (Manchester, 1985), pp 62-108.
- Perry, C. R., The Victorian Post Office: the growth of a bureaucracy (Suffolk, 1992).

## 9 **World war I – post 1900**

# **Core reading:**

- Ó'Gráda, Cormac, Ireland before and after the Famine: explorations in economic history, 1800 -1925 (2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Manchester, 1993).
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939* (Oxford, 1994).

# **Supplementary reading:**

- Birchall, Johnston, *The international co-operative movement* (Manchester, 1997).
- Bolger, Patrick, *The Irish co-operative movement: its history and development*, (Dublin, 1977).
- Breathnach, Ciara, *The congested districts board of Ireland*, 1891-1923 (Dublin, 2005).
- Crotty, Raymond D., *Irish agricultural production: its volume and structure* (Cork, 1966)
- Daly, Mary E., The first department: a history of the Department of Agriculture (Dublin, 2002).
- Digby, Margaret, *The world co-operative movement* (London, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 1960)
- Donnelly, James S., *The land and the people of nineteenth century Cork: The rural economy and the land question* (London, 1975).
- Dooley, Terrence, 'The land for the people': the land question in independent Ireland (Dublin, 2004).
- Gribbon, H. D., 'Economic and social history, 1850-1921' in W. E. Vaughan (ed.) *A new history of Ireland, vi: Ireland under the Union, ii, 1870-1921* (Oxford, 1996), pp 260 356.
- Guinnane, Timothy W., 'A failed institutional transplant: Raiffeisen's credit cooperatives in Ireland, 1894-1914' in *Explorations in Economic History*, xxxi (1994), pp 38-61.
- Hobsbawn, Eric, *The age of empire*, 1875-1914 (London, 1987, reprint 2000).
- Hoppen, K. Theodore, *Ireland since 1800: conflict and conformity* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.,Essex,1999).
- Kennedy, Liam, 'The cost of living in Ireland, 1698-1998' in David Dickson and Cormac Ó Gráda (eds.), *Refiguring Ireland*, essays in honour of L. M. Cullen (Dublin, 2003), pp 249 276.
- Kennedy, Liam, 'The early response of the Irish catholic clergy to the cooperative movement' in *Irish Historical Studies*, xxi (1977-8), pp55 74.
- Kennedy, Liam, 'The Roman Catholic church and economic growth in nineteenth century Ireland' in *The Economic and Social Review*, x, no. 1 (October 1978), pp 45-59.
- Ó Gráda, Cormac. 'The beginnings of the Irish creamery system, 1880-1914' in *Economic History Review*, xxx (1977), pp 284-305.
- O'Rourke, Kevin H., 'Property rights, politics and innovation: creamery diffusion in pre-1914 Ireland' in *European Review of Economic history*, xi (2007), pp 395-417.

## **Education**

## **Core Reading:**

Clear, Caitriona, Social change and everyday life in Ireland, 1850-1922 (Manchester, 2007).

## **Supplementary reading:**

A'Hearn, Baten, Jorg, and Crayen, Dorothee 'Quantifying quantitative literacy: age heaping and the history of human capital' in *the Journal of Economic History*, 69, no. 3 (September 2009), pp 783-808.

- Akenson, Donald H., The Irish education experiment: the national system of education in the nineteenth century (London, 1970)
- Akenson, Donald, Education and enmity: the control of schooling in Northern Ireland 1920-50 (Devon, 1973).
- Akenson, Donald Harman, A mirror to Kathleen's face: education in independent Ireland 1922-1960 (London, 1975)
- Coolahan, John, Irish education: Its history and structure 1800-1980 (Dublin, 1981).
- Cullen, L. M., An economic history of Ireland since 1660 (Dublin, 1972).
- Daly, Mary E., Social and economic history of Ireland since 1800 (Dublin, 1981).
- Daly, Mary and Dickson, David (eds), *The origins of popular literacy in Ireland: language change and educational development 1700-1920* (Dublin, 1990).
- Fitzpatrick, David, 'A share of the honeycomb': education, emigration and Irishwomen' in *Continuity and change*, I, (2), 1986, pp 217-234
- Garvin, Tom, Preventing the future: why was Ireland so poor for so long? (Dublin, 2004).
- Goldin, Claudia and Katz, Lawrence, F., 'The Legacy of U.S. Educational Leadership: Notes on Distribution and Economic Growth in the 20th Century' in *The American Economic Review*, Vol. 91, No. 2, (May, 2001), pp. 18-23.
- Guinnane, Timothy W., *The vanishing Irish: households, migration, and the rural economy in Ireland 1850-1914* (New Jersey, 1997).
- Hyland, Aine, 'The multi-denominational experience in the national school system in Ireland' in *Irish Educational Studies*, viii (1989), pp23-36
- Lee, Joseph, The modernisation of Irish society (Dublin, 1973).
- Lindert, Peter H., Growing public: social spending and economic growth since the eighteenth century (Cambridge, 2004)
- Logan, Logan, 'How many people went to school in the nineteenth century?' in *Irish Educational Studies*, viii (1989), pp23-36
- McManus, Antonia, *The Irish hedge school and its books*, 1695-1831 (Dublin, 2002).
- Mitch, David, *The rise of popular literacy in Victorian England* (Pennsylvania, 1992).
- O Buachalla, Seamus, 'The language in the classroom' in *The Crane Bag*, v, 2 (1981) pp 18-32
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939 (Oxford, 1994)
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, *Ireland's Great Famine: interdisciplinary perspectives* (Dublin, 2006).

## 11 Economic war/emergency et al - conditions in the north v south

- Giblin, Thomas, Kennedy, Kieran, McHugh, Deirdre, *The Economic*
- Development of Ireland in the Twentieth Century (London, 1988)
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, Ireland: a new economic history 1780-1939 (Oxford, 1994)
- Ó Gráda, Cormac, A rocky road: the Irish economy since the 1920s (Manchester, 1997)

## 12 Conclusion – epilogue